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REMARKS

Claims 1-19 are pending in this application. Claims 1, 16, 17

and 19 are independent claims. By this amendment, claims 1-17 are

amended, and new claims 18 and 19 are added.

Support for the amendments to claims 1 and 16 can at least be

found in Fig. 6 and in the specification on page 3.

Support for the amendment to claim 17 and for new claim 19 can

at least be found in Fig. 7 and in the specification on page 3.

New claim 18 includes time/frequency resolution grid features

which were apart of originally filed claim 1.

Reconsideration in view of the above amendments and following

remarks is respectfully solicited.

Allowable Subject Matter

The Office Action indicates that claims 8, 9, 11 and 15 are

objected to as being dependent on a rejected base claim, but would

be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the

limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims. However,

applicants respectfully submit that all of claims 1-19 are

allowable, for at least the reasons set forth below.

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The Claims Satisfy The Requirements Of

35 U.S.C. §112, 2<sup>nd</sup> Paragraph

The Office Action reject claim 1 under 35 U.S.C. §112, 2<sup>nd</sup>

paragraph. This rejection is respectfully traversed.

Applicants respectfully submit that the amendment to claim 1

obviates the rejection of claim 1 under 35 U.S.C. §112, 2<sup>nd</sup>

paragraph.

Accordingly, withdrawal of the rejection of claim 1 under 35

U.S.C. §112, 2<sup>nd</sup> paragraph is respectfully solicited.

The Claims Define Patentable Subject Matter

The Office Action rejects claims 1-7, 10, 12-14 and 16-17

under 35 U.S.C. §102(b) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent No.

5,394,473 to Davidson (hereafter Davidson).

This rejection is respectfully traversed.

Applicants respectfully submit that Davidson fails to teach or

suggest each and every feature as set forth in the claimed

invention.

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Applicants respectfully point out that in the field of spectral band replication, an original signal is represented by an encoded version thereof, wherein the bandwidth of the encoded version is not equal to the bandwidth of the original signal. Instead, normally, the bandwidth of the encoded version is smaller than the bandwidth of the original signal.

For example, the encoded version does not include the high band of the original signal. The part of the bandwidth, which is not included in the encoded version of the original signal, but which is included in the original signal itself, is referred to as "certain frequency regions" in the present application, for example. Normally, only a coarse envelope information on the missing bandwidth, i.e., the certain frequency regions, is transmitted to the decoder. This results in a drastic bit rate reduction, which is especially suitable for transmission channels having only a limited transmission capacity such as broadcast channels, mobile telephone channels and so on.

At the decoder, the encoded version of the original signal is decoded so that a decoded audio signal is obtained, which naturally does not have the full bandwidth of the original signal but only has the bandwidth of the encoded version. Normally, the decoded

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audio signal only has the low band and does not include the high

band or, in the terms of the present application, does not include

the certain frequency regions.

For example, a prior art SBR decoder reconstructs the missing

bands by transposition using the whole decoded audio signal or

parts thereof. This transposed signal is spectral-envelope

adjusted by means of the coarse spectral envelope information for

the high band or, in terms of the present application, the certain

frequency regions to obtain a spectral-envelope adjusted signal,

which is, then, added to the original signal so that an output

signal is obtained which has the same (full) bandwidth of the

original signal.

Nevertheless, only the low band or the bandwidth without the

certain frequency regions is obtained from the decoded version,

while the high band or certain frequency regions of the output

signal is reconstructed by using the transposition technique and

the spectral envelope information generated at the encoder-side for

spectral envelope adjustment purposes.

In the present invention, on the encoder side, a statistical

analysis of the input signal is performed to sample the spectral

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envelope of the band, which is not transmitted to the decoder, not

with a uniform time/frequency resolution but with a varying time

resolution or a varying frequency resolution, the time/frequency

resolution depending on the outcome of the statistical analysis.

In other words, a key aspect of the present invention is that

the spectral envelope of the band, which is not encoded by the

audio encoder, is sampled with varying time/frequency resolution

based on the result of the transient detector, i.e., the means for

performing the statistical analysis of the input signal, for

example.

This feature at least produces data on the coarse spectral

envelope representation for the certain frequency regions. The

data generated by the inventive spectral envelope encoder is

related to a varying time/frequency resolution. Therefore, not

only is the data on the coarse spectral envelope representation for

the certain frequency regions transmitted, but a control signal

describing the varying time resolution or the varying frequency

resolution is generated and transmitted.

For example, in the present application, at the decoder side,

the bandwidth, which is not included in the output signal of the

audio decoder 702 (see Fig. 7 of the present application) is

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reconstructed by transposition (item 704) to obtain an SBR replicated signal for the certain frequency regions. The data on the coarse spectral envelope representation together with the control signal, i.e., the data on the varying time/frequency resolution, are then used for the spectral envelope adjustment of the SBR replicated signal for the certain frequency regions. Then, the spectral envelope adjusted signal at the output of the synthesis filter bank 709 in Fig. 7 is added, i.e., summed to the audio decoder 702 output signal to obtain a wide band signal as is shown in Fig. 7.

Davidson fails to teach or suggest that the spectral envelope of the band is sampled with varying time/frequency resolution. Davidson merely discloses adaptively selecting signal sample block lengths. However, Davidson fails to disclose that the data generated by the spectral envelope encoder is related to a varying time/frequency resolution. Furthermore, Davidson fails to teach or suggest not only that the data on the coarse spectral envelope representation for the certain frequency regions is transmitted, but also fails to teach that a control signal describing the varying time resolution or the varying frequency resolution is generated and transmitted.

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According to MPEP §2131, "a claim is anticipated only if each and every element as set forth in the claim is found, either expressly or inherently described, in a single prior art reference." Verdegaal Bros. v. Union Oil Co. Of California, 814 F.2d 628, 631, 2 USPQ2d 1051 (Fed. Cir. 1987). "The identical invention must be shown in as complete detail as is contained in the ...claims." Richardson v. Suzuki Motor Co., 868 F.2d 1226, 1236, 9 USPQ2d 1913 (Fed. Cir. 1989). The elements must be arranged as required by the claims, but this is not an ipsissimis verbis test, i.e., identity of terminology is not required. In re Bond, 910 F.2d 831, 15 USPQ2d 1566 (Fed. Cir. 1990).

Applicants respectfully submit that the Office Action has failed to establish the required *prima facie* case of anticipation because the cited reference, Davidson, fails to teach or suggest each and every feature as set forth in the claimed invention.

Applicants respectfully submit that independent claims 1, 16, 17 and 19 are allowable over Davidson for at least the reasons noted above.

As for each of the dependent claims not particularly discussed above, these claims are also allowable for at least the reasons set

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forth above regarding their corresponding independent claims,

and/or for the further features claimed therein.

Accordingly, withdrawal of the rejection of claims 1-7, 10,

12-14 and 16-17 under 35 U.S.C. §102(b) is respectfully solicited.

Conclusion

In view of the foregoing, Applicants respectfully submit that

the application is in condition for allowance. Favorable

reconsideration and prompt allowance are earnestly solicited.

Should the Examiner believe that anything further would be

desirable to place this application in better condition for

allowance, the Examiner is invited to contact Carolyn T.

Baumgardner (Reg. No. 41,345) at (703) 205-8000 to schedule a

Personal Interview.

Pursuant to 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.17 and 1.136(a), Applicant(s)

respectfully petition(s) for a one (1) month extension of time for

filing a reply in connection with the present application, and the

required fee of \$120.00 is attached hereto.

If necessary, the Commissioner is hereby authorized in this,

concurrent, and future replies, to charge payment from or credit

any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 02-2448 for any additional

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fees required under 37 C.F.R. §1.16 or under 37 C.F.R. §1.17; particularly, the extension of time fees.

Respectfully submitted,

BIRCH, STEWART, KOLASCH & BIRCH, LLP

Terrell C. Birch, #19,382

P.O. Box 747
Falls Church, VA 22040-0747
(703) 205-8000

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